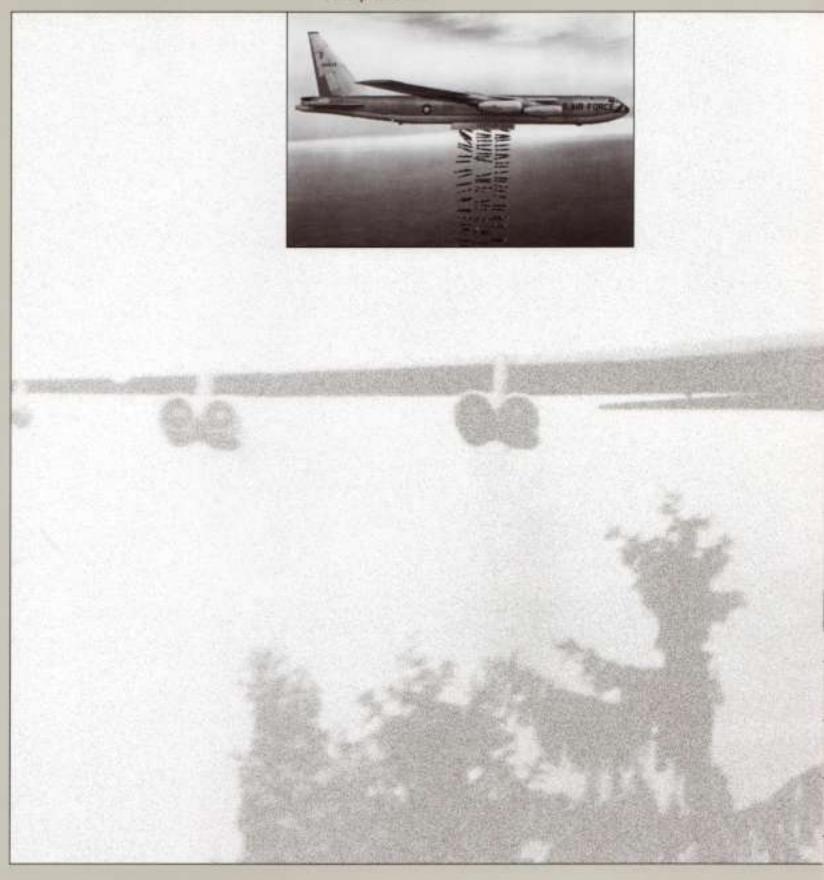
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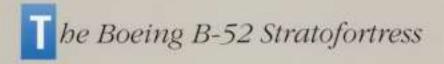




The B-52 was originally designed to project the U.S. nuclear presence worldwide. It has since evoloved to include a conventional role—providing a powerful and versatile dual role platform.







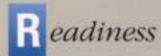
CONVENTIONAL / NUCLEAR WEAPONS CAPABILITY

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The B-52 is the only heavy bomber capable today that can deliver the complete inventory of conventional and nuclear weapons making it a critical part of Defense Guidance requirements to project power.

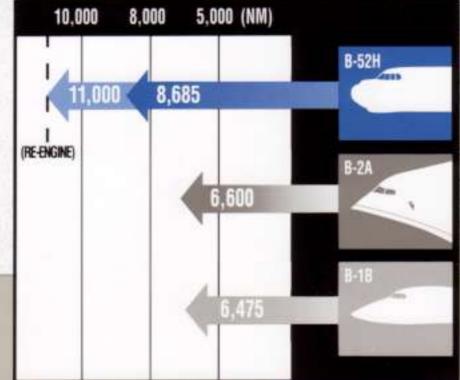
- Serves a dual role nuclear and conventional
- Carries 80% of the bomber nuclear contribution to the Single Integrated Operating Plan (SIOP)
- · High altitude and low level penetration

- · Certified for all conventional munitions
 - Sole CALCM, HAVE NAP and HARPOON carrier
- Direct attack and stand-off capability

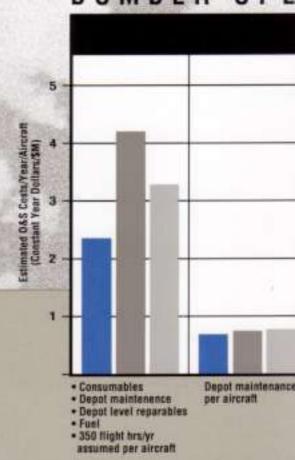


The B-52 is ready today to defend U.S. vital interests anywhere on the globe. It is the most combat capable aircraft in today's heavy bomber force structure. With two-thirds of its service life remaining, the B-52 can provide the most cost-effective, long range weapons delivery capability well into the next century.

BOMBER RANGE WITHOUT REFUELING



BOMBER OPE



PROJECTED LIFE INTO THE NEXT CENTURY ATING COST **B-52 Service Life** 40 Wing Upper Surface Economic Limit (31,400 - 35,700 Flight Hours) B-52 8-52 Flight Hours - Thousands **B-1B** Slope Based on 350 Hrs/Yr B-2A 5 10 Flight Hours - Thousands 8 The service life extends past 2040 for the majority of aircraft. Cost per year per aircraft Support equipment per aircraft 1970 1988 1990 | 2000 2010 2020 2030 2040

THE FUTURE OF THE B-52

M odernization

At the very time when bombers are emerging as America's most critical 21st Century military asset, three enhancements—engine replacement, cockpit modernization and weapons carriage expansion—would ensure the B-52s continued role as a global power projection platform. To capitalize on available off-the-shelf technology, an aggressive modernization program would improve the B-52's lethality, sustainability and survivability.

Bomber Requirements for the 21st Century

- · Long-range power projection
- Nuclear and conventional weapons delivery capability
- · Stand-off weapons carriage
- Reliable, maintainable and sustainable
- · Low operational and support costs
- Capitalize on non-developmental and commercial technology





Re-engined B-52

- Provides better mission performance – increases range and payload
- Reduces tanker dependency
- Lowers operational and support costs
- Uses commercial off-the-shelf engines, nacelles and struts

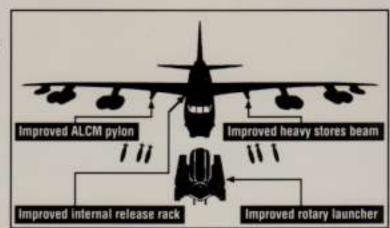


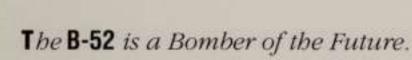
New Commercial Cockpit

- Lowers operational and support costs
- · Increases situational awareness
- · Reduces crew workload
- Uses commercial off-the-shelf technology
- Reduces crew training requirements

Improved Weapons Carriage

- · Increases weapons carriage
- Maintains both nuclear and conventional delivery
- Lowers operational and support costs
- · Enhances force structure
- Lowers ops tempo by reducing sortie rate requirements

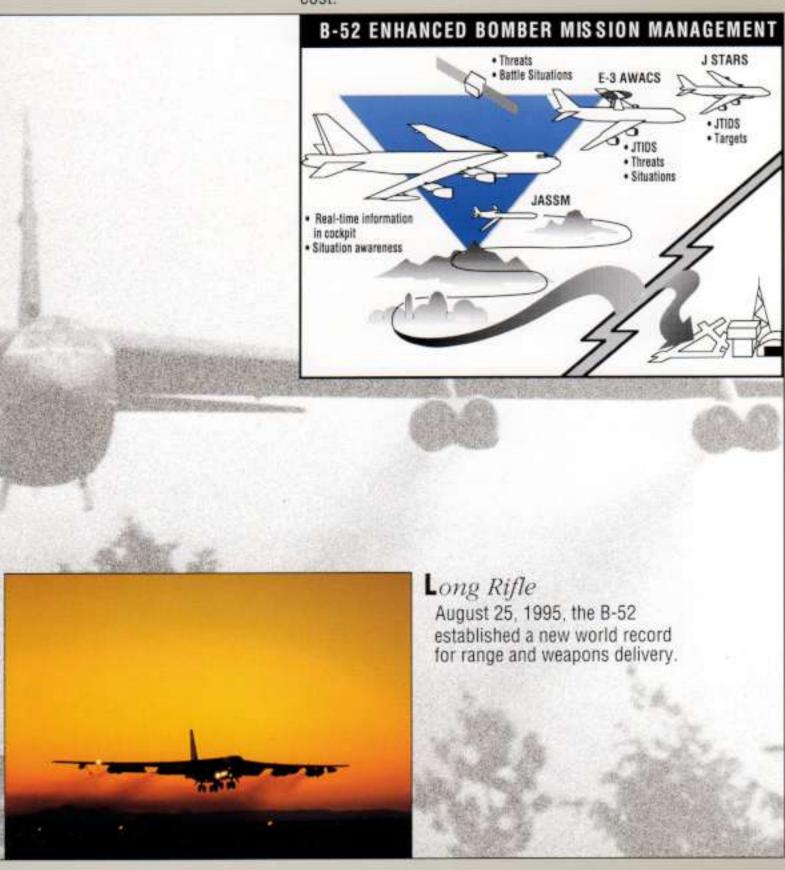








Modernization of the B-52 with new commercial engines and cockpit will increase its range and payload delivery capability, while reducing tanker dependency and operating cost.





The B-52 is the only bomber capable today of employing the complete current inventory of nuclear and conventional bomber gravity weapons, precision guided munitions, and stand-off weapons.



acts & Figures

Manufacturer Boeing Wing Span 185 ft

Max Takeoff Wgt . . . 488,000 lbs

Max Weapons

Payload 70,480 lbs

Engines: Pratt & Whitney

TF-33 Max Thrust: . . 128,000 lbs

Unrefueled Range . . . 8,685 mi

id you know...

that in 1943, it would have taken 1,500 B-17s carrying 9,000 1-ton bombs to destroy one 60 x 100 ft. target? Today, a single B-52 using laser-guided munitions could destroy 10 similar targets AND deliver 35,000 lbs of other weapons such as cruise missiles, precision-guided munitions, or numerous other gravity weapons.

that the B-52 can travel over 6,500 NM (1/4 of the way around the world) and deliver a massive weapons payload without refueling ... on a moments notice?

....that the B-52 dropped 29% of the bombs used by the U.S. in Desert Storm-over 25,700 tons or 72,000 weapons?

... that on Aug 25, 1995 the B-52 set a world record for a flight of 10,000 kilometers (6,200 miles) in 11 hrs, 23 min. without refueling, and carried a 5,000 kilogram (11,000 lb) payload at an average speed of 556 mph?

